

Old Testament Survey – Lesson 81
Feasts of Israel - Session 6

1. What are the Great Lights in reference to the Feast of Tabernacles?
2. What does “hosanna” mean? From where was it quoted in the Old Testament?
3. How does Zechariah relate the Feast of Tabernacles to the Kingdom of God?
4. What is the lulav? What is done with it during the Feast of Tabernacles?
5. How is Palm Sunday related to the Feast of Tabernacles? (3 ways)
6. What are the Pilgrimage Feasts?
7. What happened at the Pool of Siloam? How does the Pool of Siloam fit into the Feast of Tabernacles?
8. What is Shemini Atzeret?
9. What is a sukkah? What is Sukkot? What does Sukkot commemorate?
10. What English word comes from the Greek word for transfiguration?
11. What was revealed on the Mount of Transfiguration?
12. What was done every morning during the Feast of Tabernacles? What was the meaning of this ritual?
13. Why did Israel wander in the desert for 40 years? Were there any exceptions? Why?
14. What two objects are associated with the Feast of Tabernacles?
How do these two objects relate to the promise of the coming Messiah?
What did Jesus say in reference to these two objects?
How do these two objects relate to the conditions of the new earth?
15. Why is the Feast of Tabernacles seen as the culmination of all the feasts?
16. What are the 3 spring feasts?
What is the one summer fest?
What are the 3 fall feasts?
What are two other feasts not particularly mentioned by the Lord to celebrate?
17. How do the 7 feasts relate to God’s redemptive program?